

Single Electricity Market (SEM)

Trading and Settlement Code Annual Operational Parameters for 2020

Consultation Paper

SEM-19-049 16th September 2019

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1. Introduction

Under the terms of the SEM Trading and Settlement Code (TSC) Part B, the Regulatory Authorities (RAs) shall determine certain parameters proposed by the Market Operator (MO) in relation to the calculation and treatment of participants Required Credit Cover and matters related to Imbalance Settlement.

In May 2019, the RAs requested the MO to review the following parameters utilised in

- 1. The calculation of Required Credit Cover; and,
- 2. Imbalance Settlement.

On 31st August 2019, the RAs received reports from the MO outlining their recommendations for the proposed values for the above parameters. The purpose of this consultation paper is to invite comments on the MO proposals as summarised in this paper and detailed within the MO reports which accompany this paper (SEM-19-049a, and SEM-19-049b).

Comments should be sent, preferably in electronic form, to:

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All comments received will be provided to SEMO or the TSOs as appropriate and may be published unless the respondent clearly indicates that the relevant comment is confidential.

All comments should be received by close of business on 14th October 2019. A final decision on the parameters consulted upon this paper is due to be published in December 2019.

2. Parameters for the Determination of Required Credit Cover

The TSC sets out the rules for the calculation of Required Credit Cover for Participants. The calculation recognises that the Required Credit Cover for each Participant is made up of known and unknown exposures. The known exposure is based on invoiced amounts and published Settlement values. The unknown exposure, called the Undefined Exposure, is based on statistical analysis of known historical values of Settlement or Pricing. New or adjusted participants – those whose historical values of Settlement are unknown or not reflective of current levels of trade, have Required Credit Cover calculated using forecast volumes against prices calculated from known prices, while Standard Parameters have Required Credit Cover calculated using known Settlement values.

In each of these calculations, and in the day-to-day Credit Risk assessment process, a number of parameters are used. SEMO's report reviews the values that have applied since the revised SEM arrangements arising from I-SEM implementation and proposes no change to be made to any of the Required Credit Cover parameters. Table 1 summarises these parameters.

- Fixed Credit Requirement Parameter (FCRyp): this sets out the value of the Required Credit Cover that must be in place for reach registered Supplier Unit or Generator Unit. A value will be required for all trading unit types, including Assetless Traders.
- II. Undefined Exposure Period: The number of days in the Undefined Exposure Period, g (known as the parameter UEPBDg in the TSC) is the period for which settlement periods are not known, but where participants are, or have the ability of, incurring further liability until they are removed from the market.
- III. Historical Assessment Period: The number of days in the Historical Assessment Period (known as the parameter DINHAP in the TSC) is the number of days prior to the day of the issue of the latest relevant Settlement Document over which a statistical analysis of a Participants incurred liabilities shall be undertaken in order to support the forecasting of undefined liabilities for that Participant. This will be the number of historical days over which the analysis quantities, prices, or settlement values will be carried out for the purposes of forecasting values for the calculation of exposure over the Undefined Exposure Period, eventually used to determine the level of Required Credit Cover for each participant.
- IV. Analysis Percentile Parameter: This is the factor that determines the expected probability that the Actual Exposure for each Participant, once determined, will fall below the estimate of the Undefined Potential Exposure. The Undefined Exposure Variance will be used to assess the value to be proposed for the number of days in the Historical Assessment Period.

- V. **Credit Cover Adjustment Trigger:** this is the expected percentage change in future generation or demand which leads a participant to report to SEMO that it should become an Adjusted Participant, rather than a Standard Participant and have its Credit Cover requirements on the basis of its forecasts of future demand or generation.
- VI. **Level of Warning Limit:** To take account of changes to the Credit Cover policies for the new market arrangements, particularly with respect to the interaction between different markets, the Warning Limit has become a parameter.
- VII. Level of Breach Limit: means a predefined level which if the ratio of a Participants Required Credit Cover to its Posted Credit Cover exceeds will result in a Credit Cover Increase Notice which will require remedy by the Participants including by posting additional Credit Cover.

Parameter	'Go-Live' Value	Proposed Value for 2020	
Fixed Credit Cover	€5,000	€5,000	
Requirement (Generators)			
Fixed Credit Cover	Based on rate of	Based on rate of	
Requirement (Suppliers)	8.77€/MWh of average daily	8.77€/MWh of average daily	
	demand subject to a	demand subject to a	
	minimum value of €1,000	minimum value of €1,000	
	and a maximum of €15,000	and a maximum of €15,000	
Historical Assessment	100 Days	100 Days	
Period			
Undefined Exposure Period	9 Days	9 Days	
Analysis Percentile	1.96	1.96	
Parameter			

Credit Cover Adjustment	30%	30%
Trigger		
Warning Limit	80%	80%
Breach Limit	100%	100%

Table 1: Proposed 2020 values for the determination of required credit cover

3. Imbalance Settlement Parameters

Uninstructed Imbalances apply in the SEM when the Actual Output of a Generator Unit deviates from its Dispatch Quantity in a Trading Period. The SEMO paper reviews a number of parameters that are used in the calculation of Uninstructed Imbalance Quantities and Charges. These parameters are:

- I. Engineering Tolerance, (TOLENG) and MW Tolerance (TOLMEG). These parameters set a tolerance between a unit's Dispatch Quantity and Metered Quantity within which a unit is deemed to be complying with Dispatch Instructions. Output within this tolerance band does not give rise to Uninstructed Imbalance Charges. At nominal system frequency, the tolerance band which is used in the calculation of Uninstructed Imbalances is the maximum of:
 - a. the Engineering Tolerance (where $0 \le \text{TOLENG} \le 1$) multiplied by the Dispatch Quantity; and
 - b. the MW Tolerance for each Trading Day, t, (where $0 \le TOLMWt$).
- II. The Discount for Over Generation Factor (FDOGuγ) and the Premium for Under Generation (FPUGuγ) are the parameters which form the basis for the Uninstructed Imbalance Charges. The basis for the charges is a fraction of the price at which the unit would be settled for the volume which was outside of the tolerance band around their instructed dispatch level. The Discount for Over Generation and the Premium for Under Generator Factors are the fractions which are applied to the price to determine the additional charge for this volume.
- III. System per Unit Regulation Factor (FUREG) is the parameter that reflects the response rate of a generator resulting from its governor droop settings as it varies with system frequency, which is used to calculate the Tolerance for Under Generation and the Tolerance for Over Generation in the calculation of Uninstructed imbalances. Settlement is based on the Imbalance Settlement Price in each Settlement Period.

SEMO proposes to make no changes to these values for 2020. This is summarised in
Table 2 below.

Parameter	'Go-Live'	Proposed Value for
	Value	2020
Engineering Tolerance	0.01	0.01
MW Tolerance for each Trading Day	1	1
System per Unit Regulation Factor	0.04	0.04
Discount for Over Generation Factor for each	0.2	0.2
Generator Unit		
Discount for Over Generation Factor for each	0	0
Interconnector Error Unit		
Premium for Under Generation Factor for each	0.2	0.2
Generation Unit		
Premium for Under Generation Factor for each	0	0
Interconnector Error Unit		

Table 2: Proposed 2020 values for Uninstructed Imbalance Settlement Parameters

4. Next Steps

All comments received will be provided to SEMO or the TSO's as appropriate and may be published unless the respondent clearly indicates that the relevant comment is confidential.

All comments should be received by the close of business on 14th October 2019. A final decision on the operational parameters consulted on in this paper is due to be published in December 2019.