SUMMARY INFORMATION

Respondent's Name	ESB Generation and Trading	
Type of Stakeholder	Generator	
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Confidential Response	[N]	

CAPACITY MARKET CODE MODIFICATIONS WORKSHOP 33 CONSULTATION COMMENTS:

ID	Proposed Modification and its Consistency with the Code Objectives	Impacts Not Identified in the Modification Proposal Form	Detailed CMC Drafting Proposed to Deliver the Modification
CMC_18_23: Amendment to Definition of Third Party Extension Period	ESB GT believes this proposal is in line with CMC objectives especially (c) and (g). The proposal correctly identifies the issue arising at the end of Third-Party Planning Appeal process where An Bord Pleanála made its determination, but the appellant has an opportunity to apply for judicial review.	ESB GT supports the proposed modification and not additional impacts have been identified.	No additional changes in proposed drafting identified.
	This issue is also mentioned in SEMC decision paper SEM-23-87 in paragraph 2.3.8 where SEMC states '…in Ireland, the final granting of planning has not been achieved until this eight-week period progress'.		

CMC_20_23: Amendment to Timing of Opt Out Notifications

ESB GT believes this proposal is in line with CMC objectives especially (b), (c), and (d).

Considering the ratio of older conventional generators in the overall capacity market portfolio and rising costs associated with keeping these units operational ESB GT believes the rationale of this proposal is valid and needs to be addressed in a timely manner and before start of the qualification process for T-4 2028/29 auction. While we understand the concerns raised by RAs during the workshop regarding their perceived risk of the potential for market participates to seek to exercise market power by withdrawing units close to the capacity market auction. However, ESB GT does not believe that the current arrangements strike an appropriate balance between the commercial freedom of market participants and the RAs concern, it is not reasonable to expect units to to risk operating at loss.

ESB GT supports the rationale of this proposal and agrees with the proposer that Opt-Out notification should be made after the USPC application is assessed and the decision is issued.

It is our understanding that USPC process is both labour and time intensive for both RAs and applicants. During the workshop RAs mentioned they would be open to review the existing USPC process that may shorten the timelines needed for decision. While we believe this would certainly address some of the issues, it does not address the main issue of opt-out notifications being closed in advance of USPC application determinations.

While the timelines proposed in this proposal may be challenging from the governance perspective, there is currently an additional proposal

Shifting of the USPC process to the beginning of the capacity auction process should allow all parties sufficing time to prepare and assess the submissions prior the Opt-Out notification date. This approach is similar to the alternative proposal CMC_24_23, except for the order of the Exception Application Date and IAIP publication date to ensure the Existing Capacity Price Cap value is published prior the USPC application.

Proposed Auction Timeline:

- 1. IAIP publication date
- 2. Exception Application Date
- 3. Exception Application
 Decision Date
- 4. Opt-Out Notification Date
- 5. Qualification Application
 Date
- 6. Provisional Qualification Result Date
- 7. Final Qualification Submission Date
- 8. Final Qualification Results
 Date

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	Aging units that are not expected to undergo refurbishment that would allow them to benefit from the expected introduction of the Intermediate length contracts but are still able to contribute to the Security of Supply should be able to make an informed decision regarding participation in the CM auction or potential closure notice with sight of the RAs determination on an USPC application, with applicable.	USPC applications being assessed prior to the Opt-Out Notification Date and Qualification Application Date which address the abovementioned concern.	

CMC_21_23: Minimum Completion on Receipt of Interim Operational Notification

ESB GT believes the merit of this proposal is in line with CMC objectives especially (b) and (g).

It is our understanding that the purpose of this proposal is to facilitate the achievement of substantial completion in advance of the Final Operational Notification being issued if the unit has demonstrated the ability to contribute to Security of Supply (SoS).

ESB GT agrees that unit should be able to achieve Substantial Completion prior to the final FON being issued due to high level of detailed work from both Transmission System Operators and the market participants that may postpone the issuance of final documentation, but the unit is operationally available and can contribute to the SoS. There is an analogue with the existing arrangement where an existing unit can return to service from an outage having completed any required testing while the test reporting and any Grid Code derogation processes

While we support the merit of the modification proposal, we agree with concerns voiced during the workshop regarding Interim Operational the Notification not being sufficient as a proof of unit's full operational capability and also with the fact that currently achievement of the Minimum Completion is the final milestone and unit cannot subsequently achieve the Substantial Completion.

SOs presented an alternative proposal during the Workshop 34 that does address the abovementioned issues. Pending the publication of the consultation paper and the final modification wording ESB GT currently expects to support the alternative proposal.

No additional changes in proposed drafting identified.

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	completed. With achievement of substantial completion, a unit is liable for penalties associated with non-delivery of the obligated capacity in cases where the Reliability Option is exercised. In this way the performance incentive within the capacity market is		
	maintained		

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	ESB GT believes the merit of this		No additional changes in proposed
	proposal is in line with CMC objectives	it delivers the certainty of	drafting identified.
	especially (b) and (g).	inflation adjusted capacity	
		payments for all capacity awards	
	While the indexation of the capacity	regardless of the New or Existing	
	payments has not been a regular	status.	
	feature of the capacity market to date,		
	the current economic development		
	encourages the need to evaluate this		
	approach. Rising costs and economic		
	uncertainty due to the world events		
	are having a major impact on every		
	part of the power plant operation.		
CMC_22_23: Indexation of Capacity	Securing the capacity market contract		
Payment Price for Inflation	gives the generating unit certainty of		
	the income but not the proportionate		
	adjustment of this income in line with		
	economic development.		
	ESB GT notes that there has been		
	significant change in the interest rate		
	environment in the last 16 months		
	since the ECB began increasing key		
	rates in July'22, before this the		
	previous increase in key rates by the		
	ECB had been eleven previous.		
	The resulting uncertainty undermines		
	the investment confidence that the		
	capacity seeks to engender for both		

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	developers of the new assets and the		
	owners of the existing assets and		
	therefore negatively contributes to		
	the current Security of Supply		
	concerns. Uncertainty can lead to the		
	inclusion of risk premiums into the		
	capacity market bids and impact prices		
	for the end consumer regardless on		
	the fact if the inflationary event		
	happened or not.		
	ESB GT notes that the exposure to		
	either inflationary or interest		
	conditions will vary significantly by		
	project, as such ESB GT believes that		
	the proposed modification offers a		
	pragmatic approach to the recognition		
	of these risk facts with the capacity		
	market without seeking to be overly		
	perspective in how market		
	participants manage their exposures.		

NB please add extra rows as needed.